## 10-16-00

#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Docket No. AUS9-2000-0440-US1

Date:

10-12-00

**Assistant Commissioner for Patents** Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of Inventor(s):

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A METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR AUTOMATING THE CONFIGURATION OF A For: STORAGE AREA NETWORK

#### Enclosed are also:

- Pages of Specification including an Abstract 20
- 7 Pages of Claims
- Sheet(s) of Drawings 10
- A Declaration and Power of Attorney
  - Form PTO 1595 and assignment of the invention to IBM Corporation

#### **CLAIMS AS FILED**

FOR	Number Filed		Numbe Extra	r	Rate		Basic Fee (\$710)
Total Claims	30	-20 =	10	X	\$ 18	=	\$180.00
Independent Claims	3	-3 =	0	X	\$ 80	=	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims	0			X	\$270	=	\$
			ı	<b>Total Filing Fee</b>		=	\$890.00

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<u>X</u> X Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR § 1.17.

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## A METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR AUTOMATING THE CONFIGURATION OF A STORAGE AREA NETWORK

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

#### 1. Technical Field

The present invention relates generally to an improved distributed storage system and in particular to a method and a system for configuring a storage area network. Still more particularly, the present invention provides a method and a system for automating the configuration of a storage area network.

#### 2. Description of the Related Art

The primary model of computing has been the mainframe computer with satellite terminals, but this model is being replaced with a client-server model of computing. The client-server model is distributed and may involve a plurality of servers and a plurality of clients, each a powerful workstation in its own right.

Early client-server models inherited from the mainframe model the concept of dedicated storage for each server. There are several major problems associated with using dedicated storage in this environment. Every time a client or a server needs to access information that is not available locally, the computer must issue a request for data to a peer machine. It takes time to process these requests and, if there is a heavy volume of non-local access, a bottleneck may result. In addition, one or more servers may have requirements for data storage that exceed their capacities while other servers may only be using a fraction of their available data storage.

A Storage Area Network (SAN) is a relatively new innovation for the client-server model based on a data-centric infrastructure with a common storage pool. A SAN works well provided there are persistent communications links. Distributed networks, such as the Internet, are constructed with persistence in mind. In other words, the loss of one or several communications links will not shut down the network and an alternative path through the network can almost always be found.

One or more configuration files describing the details of the SAN need to be maintained at each server in the network. A network may contain tens or hundreds of servers and servers may be added or removed on a continual basis. Each configuration file on every server connected to the network must be changed as the machines on the SAN change. It is far too tedious and error prone to manually perform reconfiguration on a server-by-server basis. A SAN may include a variety of operating systems, such as, for example, Solaris<sup>TM</sup>, a version of UNIX used by computers from Sun Microsystems, AIXTM, a version of UNIX used by computers from International Business Machines, and Windows NTTM, an operating system from Microsoft that is used by a variety of workstations. Transferring data between different operating systems must be done very carefully since the file system formats are not compatible. Transferring data in the wrong format could result in loss of the data and damage to the file system. It only takes a single incorrect entry of the operating system type to cause this problem to occur. If data is being entered and maintained manually on a server that is part of the SAN, this type of error is very probable. Therefore, it would be advantageous to have a master

configuration file to represent the complete configuration of the SAN whereby changes to the one master file would be reflected uniformly everywhere on the SAN.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a method and system for the development and maintenance of a single configuration file for a storage area network combined with an "intelligent" script which places server configuration files into the appropriate directories for servers that are part of a storage area network. On a server by server basis, each server is configured in accordance with the particular operating system the server itself is using. Once this is accomplished, each server added or removed from the storage area network will be processed in a similar way without the need for reconfiguration of the storage area network as a whole.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The novel features believed characteristic of the invention are set forth in the appended claims. The invention itself, however, as well as a preferred mode of use, further objectives and advantages thereof, will best be understood by reference to the following detailed description of an illustrative embodiment when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is a pictorial representation of a distributed data processing system in which the present invention may be implemented;

Figure 2 is a block diagram illustrating a data processing system that may be implemented as a server in which the present invention may be implemented;

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating a data processing system that may be implemented as a client in which the present invention may be implemented;

Figure 4 is an exemplary illustration of a network containing a storage area network (SAN) in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 5 is a flowchart illustrating the automatic configuration of a server within each SAN in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention;

Figure 6 is a flowchart illustrating the transfer of configuration files for an individual server within a SAN in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention; and

Figures 7A-7D is an exemplary shell script for updating configuration files in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

With reference now to the figures, and in particular with reference to **Figure 1**, a pictorial representation of a distributed data processing system is depicted in which the present invention may be implemented.

Distributed data processing system 100 is a network of computers. Distributed data processing system 100 contains network 102, which is the medium used to provide communications links between various devices and computers connected within distributed data processing system 100. Network 102 may include permanent connections, such as wire or fiber optic cables, or temporary connections made through telephone connections.

In the depicted example, servers 104, 114, 116 and 118 are connected to network 102. Storage units 106 and 122 are also connected to network 102, providing backup support for any or all of servers 104, 114, 116 and 118. Storage unit 120 provides dedicated backup support for server 104. In addition, clients 108, 110 and 112 are also connected to network 102. These three clients may be, for example, personal computers or network computers. For purposes of this application, a network computer is any computer coupled to a network, which receives a program or other application from another computer coupled to the network. Distributed data processing system 100 may include additional servers, clients, and other devices not shown.

In the depicted example, servers 104, 114, 116 and 118 provide storage for data from clients 108, 110 and 112. These four servers also provide data, such as boot files, operating system images, and applications to

clients 108, 110 and 112. Clients 108, 110 and 112 are clients to one or all of servers 104, 114, 116 and 118. Support for a particular application being performed on one of clients 108, 110 and 112 may be by one of servers 104, 114, 116 and 118. Additionally servers 104, 114, 116 and 118 may provide backup support for each other. In the event of a server failure, a redundant backup server may be allocated by the network administrator, in which case requests directed to the failed server are routed to the redundant backup server.

In a similar manner, data backup support is provided by storage units 106 and 122 for servers 104, 114, 116 and 118. However, rather than the network administrator allocating a data backup storage unit at each use, data backup allocation is set, and data backup transfer occurs at low usage times, typically after midnight, between any of servers 104, 114, 116 and 118 and storage units 106 and 122.

Prior to the development of Storage Area Networks, each server managed dedicated disk storage, such as Server 104 with disk storage 120. With the advent of a SAN, all disks, such as disks 106, 120, and 122, form a common storage area. When server computers, such as Servers 104, 114, 116, and 118, are added or removed from the SAN, configuration files on each machine that is part of the SAN have to be updated accordingly.

In the depicted example, distributed data processing system 100 may be the Internet, with network 102 representing a worldwide collection of networks and gateways that use the TCP/IP suite of protocols to communicate with one another. At the heart of the Internet is a backbone of high-speed data communication

lines between major nodes or host computers consisting of thousands of commercial, government, education, and other computer systems that route data and messages. Of course, distributed data processing system 100 also may be implemented as a number of different types of networks, such as, for example, an intranet or a local area network.

Figure 1 is intended as an example and not as an architectural limitation for the processes of the present invention. For example, network 102 may use other hardware devices, such as, plotters, optical scanners, and the like in addition or in place of the hardware depicted in Figure 1.

Figure 2 is a block diagram illustrating a data processing system that may be implemented as a server in which the present invention may be implemented. The server in Figure 2 may be server 104 in Figure 1. Data processing system 200 may be a symmetric multiprocessor (SMP) system including a plurality of processors 202 and 204 connected to system bus 206. Alternatively, a single processor system may be employed. Also connected to system bus 206 is memory controller/cache 208, which provides an interface to local memory 209. I/O bus bridge 210 is connected to system bus 206 and provides an interface to I/O bus 212. Memory controller/cache 208 and I/O bus bridge 210 may be integrated as depicted.

Peripheral component interconnect (PCI) bus bridge 214 connected to I/O bus 212 provides an interface to PCI local bus 216. A number of modems 218-220 may be connected to PCI bus 216. Typical PCI bus implementations will support four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors. Communications links to network

computers 108-112 in Figure 1 may be provided through modem 218 and network adapter 220 connected to PCI local bus 216 through add-in boards.

Additional PCI bus bridges 222 and 224 provide interfaces for additional PCI buses 226 and 228, from which additional modems or network adapters may be supported. In this manner, server 200 allows connections to multiple network computers. A memory mapped graphics adapter 230 and hard disk 232 may also be connected to I/O bus 212 as depicted, either directly or indirectly.

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware depicted in Figure 2 may vary. For example, other peripheral devices, such as optical disk drives and the like, also may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted. The depicted example is not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention.

The data processing system depicted in Figure 2 may be, for example, an IBM RISC/System 6000, a product of International Business Machines Corporation in Armonk, New York, running the Advanced Interactive Executive (AIX) operating system. AIX is one of the operating systems supported by the current invention. Other supported operating systems are Solaris from Sun Microsystems and Windows NT from Microsoft.

Figure 3 is a block diagram illustrating a data processing system that may be implemented as a client in which the present invention may be implemented. Data processing system 300 is an example of a client computer. Data processing system 300 employs a peripheral component interconnect (PCI) local bus architecture. Although the depicted example employs a PCI bus, other bus

architectures, such as Micro Channel and ISA, may be Processor 302 and main memory 304 are connected to PCI local bus 306 through PCI bridge 308. PCI bridge 308 may also include an integrated memory controller and cache memory for processor 302. Additional connections to PCI local bus 306 may be made through direct component interconnection or through add-in boards. depicted example, local area network (LAN) adapter 310, SCSI host bus adapter 312, and expansion bus interface 314 are connected to PCI local bus 306 by direct component connection. In contrast, audio adapter 316, graphics adapter 318, and audio/video adapter (A/V) 319 are connected to PCI local bus 306 by add-in boards inserted into expansion slots. Expansion bus interface 314 provides a connection for a keyboard and mouse adapter 320, modem 322, and additional memory 324. the depicted example, SCSI host bus adapter 312 provides a connection for hard disk drive 326, tape drive 328, CD-ROM drive 330, and digital video disc read only memory drive (DVD-ROM) 332. Typical PCI local bus implementations will support three or four PCI expansion slots or add-in connectors.

An operating system runs on processor 302 and is used to coordinate and provide control of various components within data processing system 300 in Figure 3. The operating system may be a commercially available operating system, such as OS/2, which is available from International Business Machines Corporation. "OS/2" is a trademark of International Business Machines Corporation.

Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the hardware in Figure 3 may vary depending on the implementation. For example, other peripheral devices,

such as optical disk drives and the like, may be used in addition to or in place of the hardware depicted in Figure 3. The depicted example is not meant to imply architectural limitations with respect to the present invention.

In a preferred embodiment, the present invention controls the task of configuring computing resources connected to a SAN with the use of operating systems, such as, for example, Solaris<sup>TM</sup>, AIX<sup>TM</sup>, and Windows NT<sup>TM</sup>. However, the present invention is not limited to these particular operating system environments and may be implemented with other operating systems as well.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the process involves the development and upkeep of a single configuration file, which may be combined with an "intelligent" script, which places configuration files into the appropriate directories on each SAN attached machine. Within the SAN environment, key configuration files must be stored on each server, such as, for example, server 200 in Figure 2, attached to a network, such as, for example, network 100 in Figure 1. The purpose of these configuration files is to define, for each computational resource, the storage locations which each computational resource may be authorized to use from a storage pool. After these storage locations are identified, all other non-defined locations are invisible to that particular computational resource.

A server may connect to a SAN Fibre Channel by way of a special adapter called the Host Bus Adapter (HBA). Each HBA may have a unique identifier called the World Wide Name (WWN), similar to the way each ethernet card or each token-ring card may have an individualized address. In addition to a switch connection through the HBA, there

is a configuration file, such as, for example, a sd.conf file or a st.conf file, which may specify which disk locations or tape locations the server may access. Each server connecting to the SAN must have such a file. A system administrator may choose to create a unique file for each server which may contain only the entries for that server, or the system administrator may create one master file which contains all entries for all servers. Since each HBA has a unique identifier, there is no possibility of confusing one HBA for another. Furthermore, by having one master configuration file, the system administrator is providing a form of documentation for the entire SAN environment which will help prevent the system administrator from mistakenly assigning one operating system file to a server designed for a second different operating system.

Therefore, the present invention provides a method and system for simplifying and automating the administration of such SANs. Although the current invention normally affects only server machines, if any client machines, such as, for example, client 300 in Figure 3, that are also part of the SAN, the client configuration files may also have to be updated when the SAN for the server the clients are connected to is changed in any way. Once a SAN is to be configured using the appropriate configuration file, and once the configuration file name is identified, the present invention takes over the process and automatically configures the server and each client connected to the SAN with the appropriate operating system. The operating system used by the server connected to the SAN is determined. Available operating systems may be, for example, Solaris<sup>TM</sup>, AIX<sup>TM</sup>, Windows NT<sup>TM</sup>, and the like.

Then the server is automatically configured based on the operating system of the server. If it is determined that the server's operating system is not supported by the SAN, an error message may be displayed which indicates that the operating system is not recognized.

Figure 4 is an exemplary illustration of a network containing a storage area network (SAN) in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the SAN is made up of one server, although a plurality of servers may be connected to the SAN, in an alternate embodiment, without departing from the spirit and the scope of the present invention.

In this example, network 402 may be made up of several SANs, such as, for example, SAN 404, SAN 406, and SAN 408. Each SAN contained within network 402 is connected to the network via connections, 430, 432, and 434, respectively. Contained within each SAN is a server, such as, for example, server 410 connected to SAN 404 via connection 428. Each server may also contain a number of client computers, such as, for example, clients 412, 414, 416 and 418 connected to server 410. Each client is connected to server via connections, 420, 422, 424 and 426, respectively.

Figure 5 is a flowchart illustrating the automatic configuration of a server within each SAN in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention. In this example, the operation begins by opening the file containing information about all members of the SAN. The file containing information about all members of the SAN may be located in the same directory where the SAN configuration files are located. The file containing

information about all members of the SAN may contain one record for each server that is to receive the configuration file(s). Each record in the file may contain two items: the server Internet Protocol (IP) address and the server operating system.

In this example, opening the file may either be done by including the file name on the command line or by interacting with the user. A determination is made as to whether or nor the configuration file name for the server is given on the file command line (step 500). If the configuration file name for the server is given on the file command line (step 500:YES), then the specified file is opened for processing (step 502). If no file name is given on the file command line (step 500:NO), then the user is prompted to enter a file name (step 504) and the named configuration file is opened (step 506). A record for a server is then received (step 508).

A determination is then made as to whether or not the server operating system is Solaris (step 510). If the operating system is Solaris (step 510:YES), then the server configuration is performed based on Solaris (step 512). If the operating system is not Solaris (step 510:NO), then there is a determination as to whether or not the server operating system is AIX (step 514). If the operating system is AIX (step 514:YES), then the server configuration is performed based on AIX (step 516). If the operating system is not AIX (step 514:NO), then there is a determination as to whether or not the server operating system is Windows NT (step 518). If the operating system is not Windows NT (step 518:NO), then an error message may be conveyed indicating the operating system is not supported (step 522). This message may be

printed or displayed. If the operating system is Windows NT (step 518:YES), then the server is reconfigured based on Windows NT (step 520).

Once processing the current server is finished, a determination is made as to whether or not there is another server available for processing (step 524). If it is determined that there is not another server available for processing (step 524:NO), then the operation terminates. If it is determined that there is another server available for processing (step 524:YES), the operation returns to step 508 to receive the next record for the next server until all servers are processed. Although the exact commands to carry out the configuration vary slightly based on the operating system, the logical steps in the operation may be the same.

Figure 6 is a flowchart illustrating the transfer of configuration files for an individual server within a SAN in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention. There may be two types of files, such as, for example, an "sd" type configuration file for the assignment of disk storage space to a participating server and an "st" type configuration file assigning tape drive storage access to a participating server.

In this example, the operation begins by determining as to whether or not there is a "sd" type configuration file (step 600). If it is determined that there is not a "sd" type configuration file available for copying (step 600:NO), then a determination is made as to whether or not there is a "st" type configuration file available for copying (step 610). If it is determined that there is a "sd" type configuration file available for copying (step

600:YES), then the copy command understood by the operating system is issued to copy the "sd" type configuration file to the appropriate directory (step Then a determination is made as to whether or not the copying of the "sd" type configuration file was successful (step 604). If the copying of the "sd" type configuration file was successful (step 604:YES), then a message is output giving the details of the file copy results (step 606). The successful information message may be appended to the file /SAN.copy.config.file.log which is located on the server where this configuration program script resides. If the copying of the "sd" type configuration file fails for any reason (step 604:NO), an appropriate error message is displayed indicating the failure (step 608). The error message may be printed or visually displayed on a main console connected to the server.

Returning to step 610, whether a message is appended giving details of the "sd" type configuration file copy results or an error message is displayed indicating that the "sd" configuration file copy failed, then it is determined as to whether or not there is an "st" type configuration file available for copying (step 610). If it is determined that there is not a "st" type configuration file available for copying (step 610:NO), then the operation terminates. If it is determined that there is a "st" type configuration file to be copied (step 610:YES), then a copy command appropriate for the operating system is issued and the "st" type configuration file is copied (step 612). Then a determination is made as to whether or not the copying of the "st" type configuration file was successful (step

614). If the copying of the "st" type configuration file failed for any reason (step 614:NO), then an error message is displayed indicating the failure (step 618) and thereafter the operation terminates. The error message may be printed or visually displayed on a main console connected to the server. If the copying of the "st" type configuration file was successful (step 614:YES), then a message is output giving the details of the file copy results (step 616) and thereafter the operation terminates. The successful information message is appended to the file /SAN.copy.config.file.log which is located on the server where this configuration program script resides.

Figures 7A-7D is an exemplary shell script for updating configuration files in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention. In this example, section 700 contains comments providing program documentation. Section 702 opens a file containing the list of servers either through a command line argument or through user interaction. This code corresponds to steps 500-508 in Figure 5.

The program reads the next server to be processed in Section 704. This corresponds to step 510 in Figure 5. The type of operating system used by the server is determined and the "sd" configuration file and "st" type configuration file are copied, as necessary. If the operating system is Solaris, then Section 706 copies the "sd" type configuration file. This corresponds to steps 600-608 in Figure 6. If a "st" type configuration file has to be copied, this is done by the code in Section 708 corresponding to steps 610-618 in Figure 6.

Other operating systems are handled in a similar manner. In this example, section 710 is for the AIX operating system and Section 712 is for the Windows NT operating system. As shown in Section 714, any unsupported operating system results in the display of an error message. After this is complete, control returns to Section 704 where the next server is processed. The entire operation halts when there are no more servers to be processed.

The operation describes a process for automatically updating all configuration files for a server in a Storage Area Network based on a single master file which makes it much easier to handle changes to a SAN in an efficient and error free manner. When a server is added or removed from the SAN, this change only needs to be entered once in the master configuration file. The script described in Figures 5-6 and the code given in Figure 7 automatically propagates these changes throughout the SAN. Any discrepancies in carrying out these changes may be logged for review by a system administrator.

It is important to note that while the present invention has been described in the context of a fully functioning data processing system, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the processes of the present invention are capable of being distributed in the form of a computer readable medium of instructions and a variety of forms and that the present invention applies equally regardless of the particular type of signal bearing media actually used to carry out the distribution. Examples of computer readable media include recordable-type media such as a floppy disc, a

hard disk drive, a RAM, and CD-ROMs and transmission-type media such as digital and analog communications links.

The description of the present invention has been presented for purposes of illustration and description, but is not intended to be exhaustive or limited to the invention in the form disclosed. Many modifications and variations will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art. The embodiment was chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention, the practical application, and to enable others of ordinary skill in the art to understand the invention for various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

#### CLAIMS:

What is claimed:

1. A method for configuring a storage area network, the method comprising the steps of:

collecting operating system data for a server, wherein the server is connected to a storage area network;

comparing operating system data for the server to operating system data of the storage area network; and

configuring an operating system of the server based on the comparison, wherein the server operating system is automatically configured to allow the server to access the storage area network.

- 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising: receiving a server configuration file identifier, wherein the server configuration file identifier corresponds to a server configuration file.
- 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the server configuration file comprises at least one record, wherein the record comprises at least one of an internet protocol address and an operating system file.
- 4. The method of claim 2, wherein receiving the server configuration file identifier is at least one of reading the server configuration file identifier from the server configuration file and prompting for the server configuration file identifier.

- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein allowing the server to access the storage area network comprises allowing the server to access at least one of a disk storage device and a tape storage device within the storage area network.
- 6. The method of claim 1, wherein comparing operating system data for the server to operating system data of the storage area network is at least one of a Solaris<sup>TM</sup> operating system, an AIX<sup>TM</sup> operating system, and a Windows NT<sup>TM</sup> operating system.
- 7. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
   appending an information message to a server
  configuration file, wherein the information message
  contains details of the server operating system
  configuration.
- 8. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  conveying an error message, wherein the error
  message indicates that the connected server operating
  system is not supported by the storage area network.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein conveying the error message is by at least one of printing the error message and visually displaying the error message.
- 10. The method of claim 1, further comprising:
   configuring an operating system of a client, wherein
  the client is connected to the server to allow the client
  to access the storage area network.

11. A data processing system for configuring a storage area network, the data processing system comprising:

collecting means for collecting operating system data for a server, wherein the server is connected to a storage area network;

comparing means for comparing operating system data for the server to operating system data of the storage area network; and

configuring means for configuring an operating system of the server based on the comparison, wherein the server operating system is automatically configured to allow the server to access the storage area network.

- 12. The system of claim 11, further comprising:
  receiving means for receiving a server configuration
  file identifier, wherein the server configuration file
  identifier corresponds to a server configuration file.
- 13. The system of claim 12, wherein the server configuration file comprises at least one record, wherein the record comprises at least one of an internet protocol address and an operating system file.
- 14. The system of claim 12, wherein receiving the server configuration file identifier is at least one of reading the server configuration file identifier from the server configuration file and prompting for the server configuration file identifier.
- 15. The system of claim 11, wherein allowing the server to access the storage area network comprises allowing the server to access at least one of a disk storage device

and a tape storage device within the storage area network.

- 16. The system of claim 11, wherein comparing operating system data for the server to operating system data of the storage area network is at least one of a Solaris<sup>TM</sup> operating system, an AIX<sup>TM</sup> operating system, and a Windows  $NT^{TM}$  operating system.
- 17. The system of claim 11, further comprising:
   appending means for appending an information message
  to a server configuration file, wherein the information
  message contains details of the server operating system
  configuration.
- 18. The system of claim 11, further comprising:
   conveying means for conveying an error message,
  wherein the error message indicates that the connected
  server operating system is not supported by the storage
  area network.
- 19. The system of claim 18, wherein conveying the error message is by at least one of printing the error message and visually displaying the error message.
- 20. The system of claim 11, further comprising: configuring means for configuring an operating system of a client, wherein the client is connected to the server to allow the client to access the storage area network.

21. A computer program product for configuring a storage area network, the computer program product comprising:

first instructions for collecting operating system data for a server, wherein the server is connected to a storage area network;

second instructions for comparing operating system data for the server to operating system data of the storage area network; and

third instructions for configuring an operating system of the server based on the comparison, wherein the server operating system is automatically configured to allow the server to access the storage area network.

22. The computer program product of claim 21, further comprising:

fourth instructions for receiving a server configuration file identifier, wherein the server configuration file identifier corresponds to a server configuration file.

- 23. The computer program product of claim 22, wherein the server configuration file comprises at least one record, wherein the record comprises at least one of an internet protocol address and an operating system file.
- 24. The computer program product of claim 22, wherein receiving the server configuration file identifier is at least one of reading the server configuration file identifier from the server configuration file and prompting for the server configuration file identifier.
- 25. The computer program product of claim 21, wherein allowing the server to access the storage area network

comprises allowing the server to access at least one of a disk storage device and a tape storage device within the storage area network.

- 26. The computer program product of claim 21, wherein comparing operating system data for the server to operating system data of the storage area network is at least one of a Solaris<sup>TM</sup> operating system, an AIX<sup>TM</sup> operating system, and a Windows NT<sup>TM</sup> operating system.
- 27. The computer program product of claim 21, further comprising:

fifth instructions for appending an information message to a configuration file, wherein the information message contains details of the server operating system configuration.

28. The computer program product of claim 21, further comprising:

sixth instructions for conveying an error message, wherein the error message indicates that the connected server operating system is not supported by the storage area network.

- 29. The computer program product of claim 28, wherein conveying the error message is by at least one of printing the error message and visually displaying the error message.
- 30. The computer program product of claim 21, further comprising:

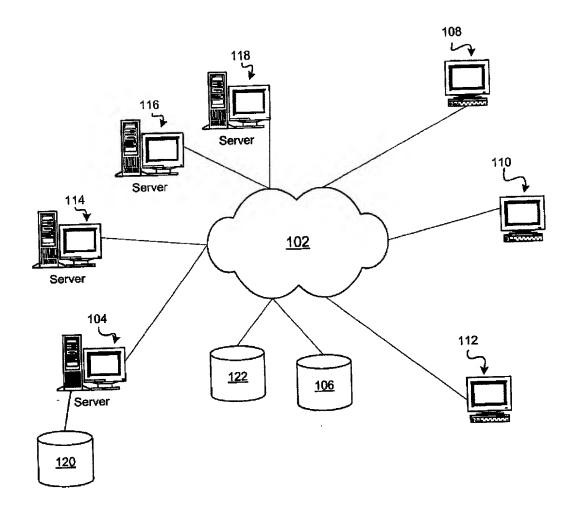
seventh instructions for configuring an operating system of a client, wherein the client is connected to

the server to allow the client to access the storage area network.

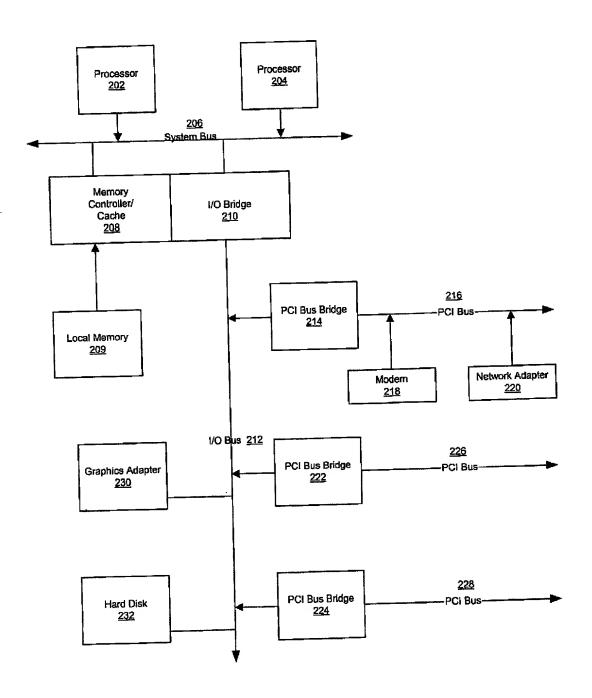
#### ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

### A METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR AUTOMATING THE CONFIGURATION OF A STORAGE AREA NETWORK

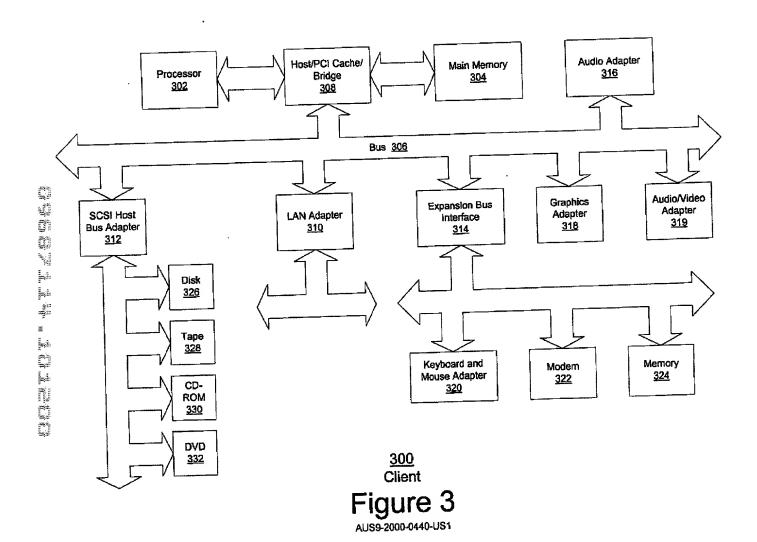
A method and system are provided for the development and maintenance of a single configuration file for a storage area network combined with an "intelligent" script which places server configuration files into the appropriate directories for servers which are part of the storage area network. On a server by server basis, each server is configured in accordance with the particular operating system the server itself is using. Once this is accomplished, each server added or removed from the storage area network will be processed in a similar way without the need for reconfiguration of the storage area network as a whole.

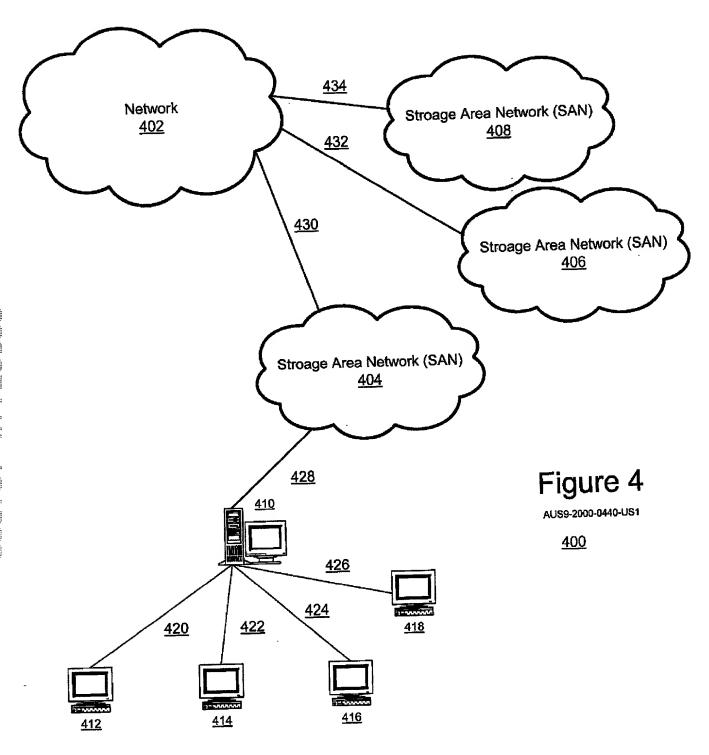


100 Network Figure 1

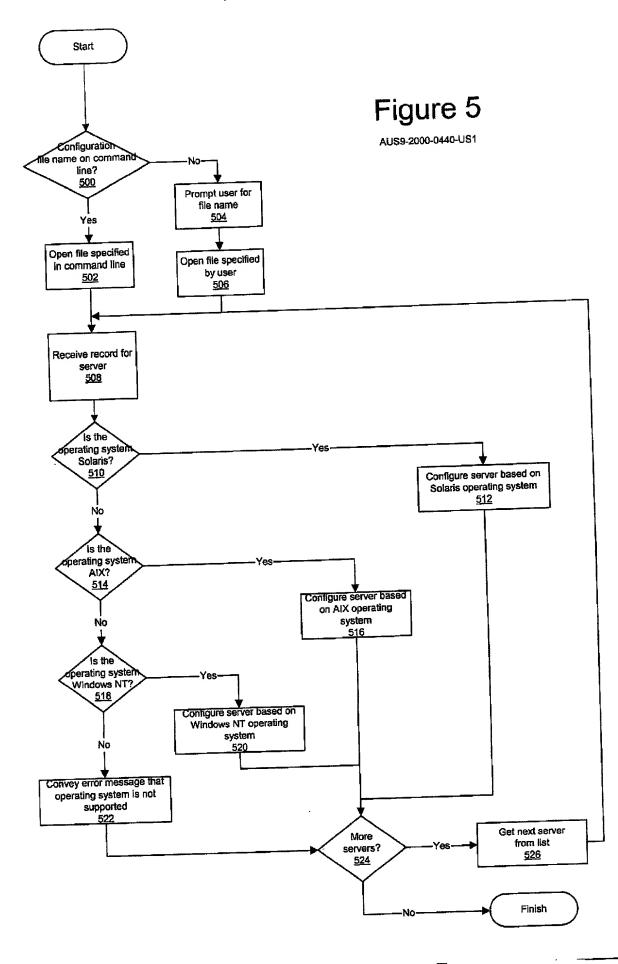


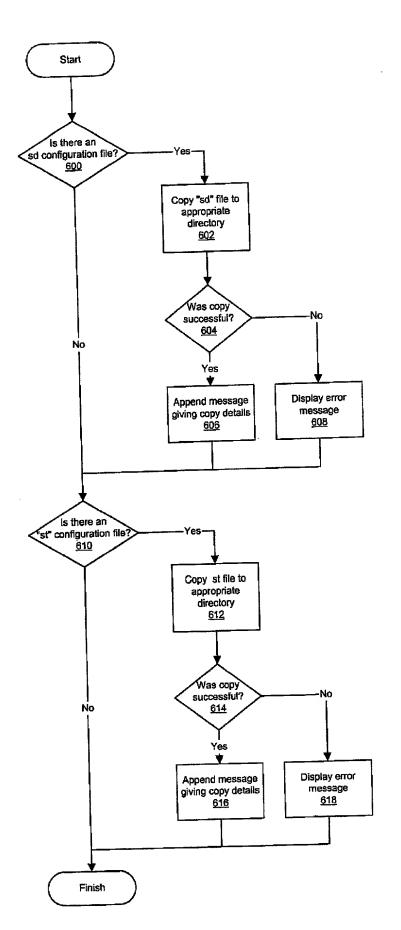
200 Figure 2 AUS9-2000-0440-US1











## Figure 6

# san\_configurator.ksh

# Written by Steve Lipton, with inputs from Rick Hamilton # April 2, 2000

Purpose: This script will install the SAN LUN configuration files on each administrator's task by automating the configuration of server-to-disk server attaching to the fibre switch. It is intended to simplify the relationships. Input: 1) Input to this script is the name of the "Serving" system, on which the install code is located. This "server" could be any system in the network that has "rcp" and "rsh" capabilities with the

respective workstations that will be identified as clients 2) A list containing the ip addresses and the type

of the operating system for the workstations on which

the client configurator file is to be installed.

# Copyright 2000, IBM Corporation. All rights reserved

First, create a list of the workstations who will be receiving the

This is provided by user entry of a filename to # configuration files. if [[ \$# = 0 ]] then print "Please enter the name of the list containing the ip addresses of" print "the workstations that are to receive the configuration files"

read wslist print

else

wslist=\$1

Figure 7A

AUS9-2000-0440-US1

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method for installing configuration files for a Solaris system

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```
708
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 902
                                                                                                                            ğ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file st.conf to $ipaddr" >>/SAN.copy.config.file.log echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file st.conf to $ipaddr"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file sd.conf to $ipaddr" >>/SAN.copy.config.file.log echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file sd.conf to $ipaddr"
                        st.conf contains the entries describing the tape devices that each HBA on each server has access to
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     # solaris directory
sd.conf contains the entries describing the LUN's that each HBA on each server has access to
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   # Solaris directory
                                                       rcp -p /usr/sys/inst.images/st.conf $ipaddr:/kernel/drv/st.conf
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                print "Unable to copy SAN config1 file st.conf to $ipaddr"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       print "Unable to copy SAN config1 file sd.conf to $ipaddr"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      if [[ -a /usr/sys/inst.images/sol_st.conf ]] then
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          if [[ -a /usr/sys/inst.images/sol_sd.conf ]] then
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    if [[ $? = 0 ]] then
                                                                                                                                       while read -u3 ipaddr ostype
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 if $ostype == Solaris
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 47
```

## Figure 7B

else

```
710
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file st.conf to $ipaddr" >>/SAN.copy.config.file.log echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file st.conf to $ipaddr"
                                                                                                                                                         echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file sd.conf to $ipaddr" >>/SAN.copy.config.file.log echo "Successfully copied SAN configuration file sd.conf to $ipaddr"
                                                                                               # AIX directory
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     rcp -p /usr/sys/inst.images/st.conf $ipaddr:/kernel/drv/st.conf #AIX directory
                                                                                                      rcp -p /usr/sys/inst.images/sd.conf $ipaddr:/kernel/drv/sd.conf
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              print "Unable to copy SAN config1 file st.conf to $ipaddr"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             print "Unable to copy SAN config1 file sd.conf to $ipaddr"
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   if [[ -a /usr/sys/inst.images/aix_st.conf ]] then
                                                                                if [[ -a /usr/sys/inst.images/aix_sd.conf ]] then
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          if [[ $? = 0 ]] then
if $0stype == AIX
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         else
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      else
```

# Figure 7C

## Figure 7D

done

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## DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

#### A METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR AUTOMATING THE CONFIGURATION OF A STORAGE AREA NETWORK

the specification of	which (check one)		
X is attached here	50.		
was filed on as Application Se and was amended o	erial No on(if appli	cable)	
I hereby state that identified specific referred to above.	I have reviewed an ation, including th	d understand the co e claims, as amendo	ntents of the above ed by any amendment
I acknowledge the patentability of the Regulations, §1.56.	duty to disclose is application in ac	information which cordance with Title	is material to the 37, Code of Federal
I hereby claim fore §119 of any foreign below and have also inventor's certifica which priority is	application(s) for dentified below ate having a filing	patent or inventor's any foreign applica	s certificate listed ation for patent or
Prior Foreign Applic	cation(s):		Priority Claimed
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year	YesNo
I hereby claim the United States appli of each of the clair States application: United States Code, material to the pate of Federal Regulatiprior application a application:	cation(s) listed be ms of this applicati in the manner provid §112, I acknowled entability of this a ons, §1.56 which of	low and, insofar as on is not disclosed ded by the first par ge the duty to displication as define curred between the	the subject matter in the prior United agraph of Title 35, sclose information ed in Title 37, Code filing date of the
(Application Serial	#) (Filing D	ate)	(Status)
T homoby, doglars th	at all statements m	ede herein of my own	, knowlodgo are true

and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be

true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

John W. Henderson, Jr., Reg. No. 26,907; Thomas E. Tyson, Reg. No. 28,543; James H. Barksdale, Jr., Reg. No. 24,091; Casimer K. Salys, Reg. No. 28,900; Robert M. Carwell, Reg. No. 28,499; Douglas H. Lefeve, Reg. No. 26,193; Jeffrey S. LaBaw, Reg. No. 31,633; David A. Mims, Jr., Reg. 32,708; Volel Emile, Reg. No. 39,969; Anthony V. England, Reg. No. 35,129; Leslie A. Van Leeuwen, Reg. No. 42,196; Christopher A. Hughes, Reg. No. 26,914; Edward A. Pennington, Reg. No. 32,588; John E. Hoel, Reg. No. 26,279; Joseph C. Redmond, Jr., Reg. No. 18,753; Marilyn S. Dawkins, Reg. No. 31,140; Mark E. McBurney, Reg. No. 33,114; Duke W. Yee, Reg. No. 34,285; Colin P. Cahoon, Reg. No. 38,836; Stephen R. Loe, Reg. No. 43,757; Stephen J. Walder, Jr., Reg. No. 41,534; Charles D. Stepps, Jr., Reg. No. 45,880; Stephen R. Tkacs, Reg. No. 46,430, and Christopher P. O'Hagan, Reg. No. P-46,966.

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### DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR

PATENT APPLICATION

### As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

the specification of which (check one)

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

#### A METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR AUTOMATING THE CONFIGURATION OF A STORAGE AREA NETWORK

X is attached hereto			
was filed on as Application Ser and was amended or		able)	
I hereby state that identified specificareferred to above.	I have reviewed and tion, including the	understand the con claims, as amended	tents of the above d by any amendment
I acknowledge the c patentability of this Regulations, §1.56.	luty to disclose in acco	nformation which is ordance with Title 3	s material to the 37, Code of Federal
I hereby claim forei \$119 of any foreign a below and have also inventor's certificat which priority is cl	application(s) for point identified below a ten having a filing of	atent or inventor's ny foreign applicat	certificate listed tion for patent or
Prior Foreign Applica	ation(s):		Priority Claimed
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year)	Yes No
I hereby claim the Dunited States applic of each of the claims States application in United States Code, material to the pater of Federal Regulation	ation(s) listed below of this application the manner provide \$112, I acknowledge tability of this appropriate the second contact of	ow and, insofar as n is not disclosed in the first para e the duty to discontinuous defined	the subject matter in the prior United agraph of Title 35, close information d in Title 37, Code
<pre>prior application an application:</pre>	ns, §1.56 which occ d the national or I	PCT international f	filing date of the iling date of this

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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